

## PhD Written Preliminary Question, Fluid Mechanics, 2007

(1) Show the Navier Stokes equation for an incompressible fluid with a constant viscosity

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2} \nabla |\mathbf{u}|^2 - \mathbf{u} \wedge \boldsymbol{\omega} \right] = -\nabla(p + \psi) + \mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u},$$

where  $\boldsymbol{\omega} = \text{curl} \mathbf{u}$  and  $\psi$  is a body force potential, is satisfied by a potential flow

$$\mathbf{u} = \nabla \phi, \quad \nabla^2 \phi = 0.$$

(2) Derive a Bernoulli equation for this potential flow.

(3) Derive a formula for the viscous stress  $2\mu \mathbf{D}[\mathbf{u}]$  where  $\mathbf{D}[\mathbf{u}]$  is the rate of strain evaluated on potential flow.

(4) Derive a formula (in terms of the potential) for the viscous dissipation  $\mathcal{D} = 2\mu \int_V \mathbf{D} : \mathbf{D} dV$  in potential flow.

Consider a spherical gas bubble of radius  $a$  rising with a velocity  $Ue_x$  in a potential flow

$$\text{for which } \phi = -\frac{1}{2} U a^3 \frac{\cos \theta}{r^2}.$$

(5) Show that the dissipation in the liquid outside the gas sphere is given by

$\mathcal{D} = 2\mu \int_V \mathbf{D} : \mathbf{D} dV = 12\pi\mu a U^2$ . Equate the dissipation to the rate at which the drag force does work and compute the drag.

(6) Now consider a real flow associated with a bubble rising through a fluid. Give a qualitative description of the pressure and vorticity fields in the flow. In your description, make sure to state any relevant assumptions.